

# Cheyenne Daily Leader.

THE PIONEER PAPER OF WYOMING.  
ESTABLISHED 1867.  
ED TOWSE, CITY EDITOR  
H. A. CLARKE, CIRCULATOR  
WEDNESDAY SEPT. 4, 1889.

**TIME TABLE.**  
UNION PACIFIC MAIN LINE.  
[WEST BOUND DAILY.]  
No. 1. Depart. 1:55 p. m. Arrive. 2:15 p. m.  
No. 3. Depart. 2:00 a. m. Arrive. 2:15 a. m.

**MAIN LINE.**  
[EAST BOUND DAILY.]  
No. 2. Depart. 10:50 a. m. Arrive. 10:20 a. m.  
No. 4. Depart. 3:05 a. m. Arrive. 3:15 a. m.

DENVER PACIFIC BRANCH—DAILY.  
No. 301. Depart. 1:50 p. m. Arrive. 1:45 a. m.  
No. 302. Depart. 1:50 p. m. Arrive. 1:45 a. m.  
No. 303. Depart. 1:50 p. m. Arrive. 1:45 a. m.  
No. 304. Depart. 1:50 p. m. Arrive. 1:45 a. m.

CHEYENNE & NORTHERN.  
Leave 11 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.  
Arrive 7:30 p. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

CHEYENNE & BURLINGTON.  
Leave 10:25 a. m. Arrive 1:40 p. m.

**Meteorologically Speaking.**  
OBSERVER'S OFFICE, Cheyenne, Sept. 3.—The area of low barometer was central this morning 8 a. m. at Deadwood where the pressure was 29.62 inches. The high area was over Western New York, the pressure being 30.12 inches. The temperature is falling slightly in the extreme Northwest. The rainfall was as follows: Des Moines .02 inch, Omaha .30, St. Vincent .04, LaCrosse .14, Kansas City .02, Galveston .14. Range of temperature in Cheyenne from 46 to 87 degrees. For to-morrow, stationary temperature and fair weather.

**TOWN TALK.**  
Gossip Little Paragraphs Picked Up Throughout the City.

"Cattle Kate's" father reached Rawlins last week.

The grading of Capitol avenue is in active progress.

Forty or fifty men are wanted at the Hopkins coal mine at Rock Springs.

John Chase, of the Inter Ocean, will soon make a book on the club cup race.

Regular monthly meetings of the various fire companies will be held this evening.

Territorial wools are independent at Boston. Wyoming fleece is quoted at 16@23 cents a pound.

In Cheyenne last month the mean daily temperature was 68°. The total precipitation was .71 of an inch.

F. A. M. Stuart, Wendover; W. M. Glascock and J. J. Daly, city, took the civil service examination here yesterday.

Secretary Davis, of the Fair Association, has set up an office with J. A. Parrish, two doors south of T. A. Kent's bank.

Bill O'Brien missed his fine gray driving horse from the stable several days ago, and believes that the animal has been stolen.

Mrs. Scott Siddons, the peevish queen of public readers, will give an entertainment in the Presbyterian church on the evening of the 17th.

Music for the Laura M. Tisdale reading, Sept. 11th., will be furnished by the Chopin club. The entertainment is for the benefit of the county library building fund.

There will be a meeting of St. Mark's Guild, the Sunerage, the Helping Chapter and the Circle of the King's Daughter this afternoon at four o'clock in the vestry of St. Mark's church.

R. N. Heath will be surprised when he reaches his store this morning. Johnny Myers and others noticed a door of the establishment open last night, and being unable to secure it any other way, nailed it up.

Everett and Emerson Glafcke have bought the fruit and confectionery store adjoining the Cheyenne National bank. Emerson remains at the Union Pacific shops, while Everett conducts the business. A floral branch will be added.

Christie has removed to the store next to B. Hellman's on Sixteenth street and he will be pleased to retain his old and wishes to see new readers.

**Board.**  
Board in private family \$5 per week. Furnished rooms with or without board, 118 East Eighteenth street, near Capitol avenue.

**Attention, Pioneer Hooks.**  
Regular monthly meeting this evening. A full attendance requested.  
ED. LAWLER, Secretary.

Burnett's Extract at E. S. JOHNSTON & BRO'S.

**B. B. David,**  
Wholesale & Retail  
**Druggist.**

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.  
FULL LINE OF PATENT MEDICINES, OILS, PAINTS, INSECT POWDER, FLY PAPER, &c.

Cor. 16th & Eddy Sts.

Finest Ice Cream Soda to be Found in Town. Only Pure Fruit Syrups Used.

## PRESIDENT BROWN.

Judge Brown of Laramie is Convention Chairman.

Elected After a Very Lively Family Squabble.

Some Business Yesterday and Much Oratory.

The opening exercises of the second day's session of the convention were a little less formal than the usual programme. By calling the roll Secretary Jeffrey ascertained that forty-one of the forty three members in the city were present. A couple of corrections were made in the journal. The members evince a desire to have the records absolutely correct. Louis J. Palmer of the Sweetwater delegation registered at the hotel early yesterday morning and was with his colleagues when the session convened. He announced that Mark M. Hopkins would arrive Thursday and complete the coal county delegation.

**THE PRESIDENCY.**  
A renewal of the chairmanship contest followed the stage where the chaplain usually offers prayer for the members. Mr. Fox, Albany, renewed his substitute stipulating the immediate selection of a chairman. It was adopted after a rising vote necessitated by calls of division.

Mr. Brown of Albany requested a recess for five minutes. Allowed.

Delegations from the Albany, Carbon, Sweetwater, Uinta and Laramie county representations retired to a committee room for a consultation. From the outside the caucus seemed harmonious. E. S. N. Morgan was addressing it when the recess time expired and Chairman Elliott again faced the convention. This movement terminated the committee room session and the gentlemen filed into convention hall smiling.

A ballot, the majority of votes cast to elect, was proposed by Mr. Teschemacher of Laramie.

Mr. Morgan objected to secrecy in the matter. He was not afraid to rise and declare his choice when the roll was called.

Mr. Potter said that a man could vote honestly if secretly and Mr. Irvine bristled up at what he construed into an insinuation from Mr. Morgan. The latter interrupted "to correct," but was called to order.

Mr. Teschemacher joined Mr. Irvine in the statement that the custom in Wyoming had been to select presiding officers by ballot. Mr. Morgan said he did not know this. Mr. Burritt of Johnson declared on authority of the records that presidents of constitutional conventions were always chosen by ballot.

Ayes prevailed when a vote was held on Mr. Teschemacher's motion and nominations were declared in order.

Now occurred a most astonishing incident. Mr. Hoyt, of Albany, who two weeks ago was being groomed by the governor for the chairmanship race nominated for the place a gentleman who is openly opposing the Warren-Carey faction.

"The duties of a member of this convention," said Mr. Hoyt, "are solemn and important and a high and single purpose should characterize all his acts. While the delegates who represent the people of Wyoming on this floor are from different walks of private and public life all are so capable that I feel a reluctance in designating an individual to receive the highest honors of this convention, but it is a necessity. In thinking of this matter three or four considerations have weighed with me as they doubtless have with others. We are here not only to perform our duties honestly and faithfully as sworn, but also without dispatch. He who occupies the high position of presiding officer must be a gentleman of the capability and force to fit him for the work of guiding this body. We should call to preside over our deliberations a man widely and favorably known and one who can lend material assistance in framing a constitution which will enable Wyoming to take a place in line with the foremost states. Perhaps he should be a pioneer, a man who with brave heart, strong arms and clear head came into the great West at an early day to carve out a future for himself and cast his fortune with other sturdy men of venturesome spirit. As I said, many here are capable, yet on behalf of the delegation with which I am specially connected I take the floor to nominate a man who unites all these qualities in a remarkable degree. He is a pioneer whose fitness is beyond question, whose life studies and natural endowments have given him those qualities which eminently fit him for the task of assisting and guiding this body. He is known throughout the territory and has admirers in all sections. I nominate Hon. Melville C. Brown of Albany county."

Mr. Hoyt was enthusiastically applauded and you could hear "Me and F. E." stock sliding toward zero. The smiles intended to carry derision inspired by confidence were easily detected as spurious, and the men who dared oppose the will of "Me and F. E." were nervously exultant, for while certain of success they expected a flank movement and could not anticipate its effect.

Col. Downey, of Albany, was the first delegate to second Mr. Brown's nomination. In a brief address he figuratively wiped the floor with F. A. Slack, Albany, the ex-delegate said, simply asked for justice at the hands of Laramie and the other counties. In a morning paper the delegation representing that subdivision of the territory had been grossly insulted. The Sun had patrons in Albany county,

yet it held up to ridicule its delegation and sought to prejudice the other counties against it. "I am here to second the nomination of Mr. Brown. He came here in 1868, and has been on the side of law and order ever since, laboring daily to the end that another star might be planted on the old flag. In the face of the insults flung at Albany county by the Sun, I appeal to the other delegations to remain unprejudiced, and ask them to make the nomination of Mr. Brown unanimous."

When Mr. Brown concluded Mr. Slack's face was even redder than usual. With the knowledge gained during a territorial residence of nine years Mr. Morgan, of Laramie, heartily seconded the nomination of Mr. Brown.

"The delegation to which I am attached," explained Mr. Baxter, of Laramie, "is composed of an equal number of representatives of each of the great political parties, who were elected without opposition and who are pledged to non-partisan action. Speaking for myself, however, I second the nomination of Mr. Brown."

Mr. Jones of Carbon, thought this an opportunity to do a little harping and at the same time show appreciation of a gentleman who deserved recognition.

And now the dark horse materialized. Mr. Scott, of Crook, speaking for the opposition, which was engineered and led by Mr. Irvine, of Converse, and Mr. Potter, of Laramie, formally nominated Judge Conway, of Sweetwater, for the chairmanship.

In annexing the seal of his approval to the nomination of Judge Conway, Mr. Clark, of Uinta, became quite eloquent. He averred that in the western portion of the territory county lines were entirely unknown, and that men were measured by worth and not residence. In describing the qualifications of Judge Conway, Mr. Clark paid just tribute to the individual.

Right here Judge Conway, though he looks steady as a work horse, flew the track in horrible shape and completely wrecked the triumphal car of the arch plotters. He said that Sweetwater was a small county and had already received the recognition to which it was entitled. He was extremely sorry that matters had shaped themselves as they had. Only in the morning had he learned the condition of affairs. The previous evening he had been informed that the matter had been canvassed. Before the session he had been approached and asked if he would accept the position if it was vouchered him practically without opposition. He had answered in the affirmative, but had since altered his mind. A peaceable man, he could not consent to enter a fight, and especially against his old friend, Judge Brown. If his friends would please him they would be kind enough to withdraw his name. He did not wish to be considered a candidate.

That Judge Conway's timidity caused chagrin, disappointment and even ill concealed anger in the ranks of the Warren-Carey faction. They supposed that the gentleman from Sweetwater had enlisted for the war and were astounded to learn that a long standing friendship had been thought of in a family row.

Irvine, of Converse, whose powers of recuperation are marvelous, was the first to recover. There was sadness in his voice when he remarked that of course the gentleman could withdraw it he so elected, but the speaker had his friends most emphatically objected. They were surprised at the course the gentleman had taken and were quite unwilling that he should retire.

After expressing sorrow over the fact that Mr. Conway had felt impelled to speak as he had Mr. Potter of Laramie sought to allay the judge's well founded suspicions by saying that his name had sometime since been mentioned in connection with the presidency. Of course this was moonshine, for the judge was never thought of as available man by the powers that were until Hoyt had been found impracticable and Clark positively declined. Mr. Potter said that Judge Conway misinterpreted the genius of the movement in his favor. It was a recognition of ability and worth and instead of a fight there was only a friendly contest ahead.

The call of counties proceeded. Preston and Burritt for Fremont and Johnson formally but warmly seconded the nomination of Judge Brown.

Mr. Coffeen, Sheridan, said he was certain that Judge Brown was the man for the post of honor and that he would discharge the duties imposed faithfully, ably and impartially. The candidate was well known in the more distant portions of the territory. His selection would pleasantly gratify the people of Sheridan county. In that section there was an anti-statehood sentiment which would almost entirely disappear when the electors knew that the constitution to govern the commonwealth was to be framed under the direction of Judge Brown.

Messrs. Preston, Scott and Potter were appointed Tellers and the ballot spread. This was the result:

Brown.....24  
Conway.....17  
Baxter.....1  
Hoyt.....1

Total.....43

Cheering continued for several minutes. The element which a morning contemporary flippantly referred to as "the opposition" seemed to be in pretty good spirits, but the representatives of "me and F. E." were glum indeed, though a number managed to summon sickly smiles which seemed to say: "It's only one horse on us."

Hoyt of Albany and Baxter of Laramie were requested to escort the president-elect to the chair, but the gentleman had left the building. An adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock.

**PRELIMINARIES.**  
Col. Downey discovered that Governor

Warren, Delegate Carey and Secretary Meldrum were in the building and suggested that they be invited to take seats in the hall. The officials were introduced by Col. Downey and appropriately welcomed by Chairman Elliott.

Judge Brown was a trifle tardy. His appearance was a signal for applause. Messrs. Baxter and Hoyt presented the president-elect. In retiring Chairman Elliott graciously thanked the convention for its kind treatment. He presented Judge Brown the gavel with the remark that he was positive that it would be fearlessly and impartially wielded.

**THE SPEECH.**  
In the lobby Judge Brown's speech was called "elegant," and it was a splendid effort. The preface was complimentary to the convention, and congratulatory to the speaker. He asked the helpful cooperation of members in the work at hand, and declared that he would discharge his duties as best he could.

After dallying a moment at Plymouth Rock and ridding himself of some patriotism and faith, Mr. Brown jumped half way across the continent, absorbing non-partisanship on the way. Then he talked business and did it magnificently.

In referring to questions likely to come before the convention, Judge Brown first spoke of woman suffrage. It puzzled some people, but he regarded it as settled in Wyoming, and already saw the state march proudly into the union as the only political division of the republic which gave women their rights, marking the constitution makers as men who were gallant enough to do justice.

The woman suffrage sentiments were received with applause.

**SUFFRAGE AND EDUCATION.**  
Next the grave subject of general suffrage received attention. After all was universal suffrage proper? In some states a property qualification had been established. In others education to a certain point was considered a requisite in the elector. The subject demanded deep thought and candid expression. The judgment of the speaker was that the voter should at least be able to read the constitution of the United States and the ticket which he presented at the polls. This was a fair test of the fitness to apply. [Applause.] The question of education of the masses had received early attention in Wyoming. It is said of this people and may be repeated with boastful pride, that of all states and territories, Wyoming has the least illiterate. The legislatures have fostered education and we, while showing our appreciation of the past, should endeavor to establish for the territory the highest and broadest culture.

**TAXATION.**  
"Another question that will perhaps trouble you somewhat in the future," continued the speaker, "is the question of taxation, and the limitations that should be thrown around the power of taxation, both in state and county. We have a debt that is not large considering the wealth of the territory, but most of you will agree that it is large enough. Our counties are more or less indebted. It is proper that we, by some constitutional enactment should provide that these debts should not be unreasonably increased. In regulating taxation we should aim to keep it down to a fair minimum."

**LICENSE.**  
"It seems to me that we have reached the period in our history when we should look for higher and better things, when we should turn away from the vices and court the virtues. We cannot look for prohibition. There are many within the limits of our commonwealth who would be glad if we could adopt it. Any such action would be wholly impracticable at this time, but reasonable license laws, even a high license for the sale of intoxicants may be fixed and demanded by this convention with the utmost propriety."

**CORPORATIONS.**  
Railways are needed in this land of unexplored and undeveloped regions. They are in advance of civilization and are absolutely necessary. As business enterprises they should be encouraged. Treat them with utter fairness but see that they do not grasp the rights of the people or grind them under their feet. Act fairly, but guard the interests to the people.

**LABOR.**  
"The rights of labor are paramount in every country. It is to labor that we owe everything in the way of wealth, and it is proper that it should be honored and protected. We often hear of strife between capital and labor. Capital is as necessary to labor as labor to capital. Let us then fairly protect each, and frame the constitution so that neither one shall trespass upon the other. Strikes are common, but I believe, gentlemen of the convention, that these can be avoided by incorporating into our constitution a provision for the arbitration of all difficulties between employer and employe, with the right of appeal to the highest court of our land."

**REPRESENTATION.**  
"In what way shall we determine the right of representation? In this matter you will be called to exercise toward each other and each and every part of the territory the highest degree of forbearance. We are all selfless and we all claim the most that we reasonably may for our section; but in settling these matters we may, I think, remember that we are not representing a section, but we are each and every one representatives of the people."

**JUDICIARY.**  
Mr. Brown did not even offer a suggestion on this question, though he said that a multiplicity of courts would be expensive.

**OFFICERS.**  
Provision for state and county officers should be made carefully. The number should be few as possible, the fee system

abolished and salaries pruned. The speaker understood that county clerks in this territory had incomes of from \$6,000 to \$10,000 and knew that bookkeepers who could perform the work equally well were in receipt of salaries of \$100 to \$125 a month. Be liberal. Pay enough to secure good men, but do not be extravagant.

**AGRICULTURE.**  
"We have in our territory a vast scope of country. We have some lands that may be fairly called agricultural; lands of the best quality, lands that with irrigation can be made to produce abundantly. These lands are so situated that each and every acre of them are not only worth double, but they are worth six times the value of the same quality of land in other states, because less than one-sixth of all the land of Wyoming is adapted to agricultural purposes. The other lands, the mineral or mining lands and the grazing lands are open to the use of the man who occupies the small quantity for agricultural purposes. In order that these lands may be made profitable we must have a just system of irrigation."

**MINING.**  
Mr. Brown repeated Judge Carey's statement that the coal of Wyoming was of more value than the gold and silver of Colorado and demonstrated that the coal had not been told. Valued at \$1 a ton, mined, all the money in the world could not buy the supply of coal beneath the surface of this territory.

"It was said a few years since by one of the officers of our territory that an iron deposit situated I believe in Carbon county, if moved at the rate of 250,000 tons per annum, would take 6,000 years or more to remove that single deposit. A quantity of iron that is unexcelled anywhere in our broad land. When coal shall be taken from the earth, and fires kindled under a thousand furnaces that are to be used in smelting and reducing it to the use of mankind, can there be any doubt about the wealth, the prosperity, and the future of our commonwealth, PRAYER.

On conclusion of the president's address Rev. S. A. Bright, at the suggestion of J. K. Jeffrey of Laramie invoked the divine blessing.

**OTHER OFFICERS.**  
Mr. Baxter of Laramie offered a resolution providing that additional officers of the convention be a secretary and two assistants, sergeant at arms, doorkeeper, chaplain and two pages. Carried.

J. K. Jeffrey was made secretary by acclamation; Maj. Yelton of Laramie, sergeant at arms; J. B. Walsh, Cheyenne, doorkeeper; S. A. Bright, Cheyenne, chaplain; Corlett Downey, Laramie and Fred Post, Jr., Cheyenne, pages.

Maj. H. Glafcke and Mrs. R. Recker were made assistants to the secretary by the following vote:

Mrs. Recker.....24  
Maj. Glafcke.....23  
W. F. Hoster.....21  
Mrs. E. B. Furniss.....5

**RULES AND COMMITTEES.**  
After an elaborate discussion and the unravelling of a parliamentary tangle, this committee on rules with instructions that it also suggest proper committees for the transaction of business, was appointed: Coffeen, Foote, Barrow, Conway, Campbell, Preston, Burdick, Frank, Burritt, Chaplin.

**WAYS AND MEANS.**  
These gentlemen were selected to canvass the financial situation: Hay, Fox, Nickerson, Clark, Vagzer.

Burnett's Extract at E. S. JOHNSTON & BRO'S.

## Stockgrowers National Bank

CHEYENNE, WYOMING.  
Paid in Capital \$400,000  
Surplus and Undivided Profits 70,000  
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

**OFFICERS:**  
ANDREW GILCHRIST, President. HENRY G. HAY, Cashier.  
E. A. ABBY, Assistant Cashier. J. D. FREEBORN, Second Assistant Cashier.

## THE CHEYENNE NATIONAL BANK.

CHEYENNE, WYOMING.  
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL - \$600,000 PAID IN CAPITAL - \$100,000

N. R. DAVIS, Pres. E. R. HURD, Vice Pres. F. E. ADDOMS, Cashier.  
G. L. BEARD, Assistant Cashier.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Special Attention Paid to Collections and Exchange Drafts Drawn on Principal Cities of the East and Europe.

**DIRECTORS:**  
N. R. DAVIS, E. R. HURD, F. E. ADDOMS  
J. W. COLLINS, G. W. SEEVERS

## M. P. KEEFE.

GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

All kinds of Carpenter and Jobbing Work Promptly attended to.

Agent for Fairbanks & Co.'s Scales, Eclipse Windmills, Tanks, &c. Also Agent for Mast, Foss & Co.'s Wrought Iron Fences for Residence and Cemetery Grounds.

ALL WORK AND MATERIAL FURNISHED GUARANTEED.

Will build houses and additions on Monthly Payments

Cheyenne, Wyoming.

## BUTTONS & BEANS!

HOW MANY?  
That is the Question.

The one who trades with us and guesses how many beans there are in the jar gets

100 DOLLARS IN CASH,  
Next \$50, Third \$25, and the Fourth best Answer gets Beans, Buttons and Jar.

## SPECIAL SALE

FALL OVERCOATS

IN ALL SHADES, this week at

HELLMAN'S.

## BEANS & BUTTONS!

## MYER'S SPECIAL SALE

FOR THE COMING WEEK WILL BE IN

## BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Which I offer for one week regardless of New York or Chicago prices. If you will notice carefully you will see that it is to your interest to

Take Advantage of These Special Sales.

Note carefully the following prices and see if you ever heard of such low prices before:

Boys' Knee Pants, from 4 to 13 years..... \$ 24

Boys' Knee Pants from 4 to 13 years..... 38

Boys' Corduroy Pants..... 49

Boys' Fancy Corduroy Pants, nobby checks..... 69

Boys' Cassimer Suits..... 1 98

Boys' Nobby All Wool Suits (worth \$5.00)..... 2 63

Boys' Percale Shirt Waists (plaited front and back)..... 49

Boys' Seersucker Waists..... 53

Boys' Flannel Waists..... 54

Boys' Flannel Sailor Blouses (pretty stripes)..... 58

Boys' Shoes (warranted solid)..... 1 28

Boys' Buckskin Gloves..... 49

Mr. Myers is now in New York purchasing Fall Stock, which is being received daily and when all in will be the largest and choicest stock ever shown here.

Remember, these prices are for one week only, and will not be duplicated. Next week's Special will be in some other department. Watch for it.

## WILLIAM MYERS,

LEADER IN DRY GOODS.

N. B.--Agent for BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS.