## Dermot Nally Papers

UCDA P254/65

1. The Tacewach and the Brists Prime Minister acknowledge that the nost unperfact and important issues thangth the policy of brisks, North and South, and the Bristsh and fields Coverments together, is to remove the causes of conflict, to exceed the second of the South and the divisions which have resulted, recognising that the absence of a lasting and satisfactory settlement of resting and castisfactory settlement of resting and castisfactory settlement of resting and castisfactory settlement of resting pages and sulfigure. They believe which the development of an agreed framework for peace, which has been discussed between them since serly last year, and which is based on a number of key principles articulated by the two Governments over the past 20 years, together with the adaptation of other widely accepted principles, provides the starting point of a peace process designed to cultivate in a proficial settlement.

Phenout position

The Tableach and the British Prime Minister are convinced of the insettimable value to both their peoples of healing divisions in Ireland and of ending a conflict which has been so manifestly to the detriment of all. Both recognise that the ending of divisions can come about only through the agreement and cooperation of the people. Noth and South, representing both traditions in health. They therefore make a solemn commitment to promote cooperation at all levels on the basis of the fundamental principles, undertakings, obligations under international agreements, to which they have printy counted themselves, and gravements are promoted themselves, and over the guarantees which each Covernment has given. Beginning now and over the conting generation, it is their aim to loster agreement and reconciliation, leading to a new political transverse funded on consent and encompassing file whole

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A. The Prime Mindle 2012, house to Authorise acceptance of the Prime Mindle 2012 and the Collection Conventment that here have been no sellest interaction of the Mindle 2012 and the Collection of the Mindle 2012 and the Mindle 2012 an

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The Taoiseach, on behalf of the Irish Government, considers that the lessons of Irish history, and especially of Northern Ireland, show that stability and well-being will not be found under any/political system which is refused allegiance or rejected on grounds of identity by a significant minority of those governed by it. He accepts, on behalf of the Irish Government, that the democratic right of self-determination by the people of Ireland as a whole must be achieved and exercised with the agreement and consent of a majority of the people of Northern Ireland and must, consistent with justice and equity, respect

T.19. the democratic dignity and the civil rights and religious liberties of both f. Sect. Under communities. These would be reflected in any future political and constitutional herebort arrangements emerging from a new and more broadly based agreement.

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building relationships of trust either within or beyond Northern Ireland, from which both traditions suffer. He will work to create a new-era of trust, in which suspicions of the motives or actions of others is removed on the part of either community. He considers that the future of the island depends on the nature of the relationship between the two main traditions that inhabit it. Every effort must be made to build a new sense of trust between those communities. In recognition of the fears of the Unionist community and as a token of his willingness to make a personal contribution to the building up of that necessary trust, the Tagiseach will examine with his colleagues any elements in the

democratic life and organisation of the Irish State that can be represented to the Irish Government in the course of political dialogue as a real and substantial threat to their way of life and ethos, or that can be represented as not being fully consistent with a modern democratic and pluralist society, and undertakes to examine any possible ways of removing such obstacles. Such an examination

would of course have due regard to the desire to preserve those inherited values

that are largely shared throughout he siland or that belong to the cultural and horizontarious of the project of this sales of all med viersity. The Transacch hopes that over time a meeting of hearts and minds will develop, which will bring at the people of Instand together, and will work towards that objective, but he projects in the meeting that are save of the entire that will be time the projects in the meeting that are save of the entire that will be made to build mutual confidence no foothern Unions should ever have to fear in future that this ideal will be assured after to horse or cover.

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7. Both Governments have affirmed the Anglo-Irish Agreement that Irish units can be achieved only by these who favour this outcome persuading those who do not, peacefully and without coercion or violence, and that, if in the future a majority of the people of Northern Ireland are so persuaded, both Governments will support and give legislative effect to their wishes. But, netwithstanding the solemn affirmation by both Governments in the Anglo-Irish Agreement that any change in the status of Northern Ireland would only come about with the consent of a majority of the people of Northern Ireland, the Taoiseach also recognizes the continuing uncertainties and misgivings which dominate so much of Northern Unionist attitudes towards the rest of Ireland. He believes that we stand at a stage of our history when the genuine feelings of all traditions in the North must be recognized and acknowledged. He appeals to both traditions at this time to grasp the opportunity for a fresh start and a new beginning, which could hold such promise for all our lives and the generations to come. He asks the people of Northern Ireland to look on the people of the Republic as friends, who share their grief and shame over all the suffering of the last quarter of a century, and who want to develop the best possible relationship with them, a relationship in which trust and new understanding can flourish and grow. The Taoiseach also acknowledges the presence in the Constitution of the Republic of elements.

which are deeply resented by Northern Unionists, but which at the same time

reflect hopes and ideals which lie deep in the hearts of many lish; men and woman kent and South. But a swe move towards a new sea of understanding in which new relationships of trust may grow and bring peace to the listed of lefeated, the Taglesech believes that the time has come to consider together how best the hopes and identifies of all can be appressed in more balanced whys.

8. The Taciseach recognizes the need to engage in disciput, which would address in the need to engage in disciput, which would address in the need to engage the need to engage

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10. In the light of their joint commitment to promote the foregoing objectives, the Tailseach has indicated to the British Prima Minister his Intention of establishing any Instit Control to consult and advise, as long as in excessing with the stops required to remove the barriers of distrust which at present divide the people of

forged links with the rest of Europe.

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Ireland and which also stand in the way of the exercise in common by them of self-determination on a basis of equality. It will be open to the Convention to make encommendation on ways in which agreement, these paid for the Report of the New Hester Grouts, and reposed, for the rights and identifies of both relitations in heland, can be promoted and exesticitient. The Convention will operate with Life the spect for the authority of the institutions established by law in the Sizes. It will be a fundamental guiding principle of the Convention that all differences between the full people relitation to the exercise or common of the right to self-determination will be resolved exclusively by peccelul, political means.

Ireland which abide exclusively by the democratic process and veith to share in displace about freland's political future and the workare of all its people. The Irish Government will approach the Convention in a true spirit of openness and magnanimity.

11. The Convention will be open to democratically mandated political parties in

## JM 3/11/193

The British and Irish Governments reiterate that all those claiming a serious interest in advancing the cause of peace should renounce for good the use of, and support for, violence. If and when such a renunciation of violence has been made and sufficiently demonstrated, new doors could open and both Governments would wish to respond imaginatively to the new situation which would arise. The Prime Minister and the Taoiseach confirm that if the IRA were to end violence for good then - after a sufficient interval to ensure the permanence of their intent - Sinn Fein could enter the political arena as a democratic party and join the dialogue on the way shead. The British Government confirm that they would be prepared to enter preliminary exploratory dialogue with Sinn Fein three months after a genuine and unequivocal cessation of violence by the IRA had been announced and established.

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