- REMARKS ON ARMED STRUSSLE



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Sinn Féin remarks on the "Armed Struggle"

extracts from various sources - incl D/ Justice material

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The President of Sinn Féin, Mr. Gerry Adams, is on record as supporting the activities of the IRA. In the report in the 30 January 1989 issue of the Irish Times of his address to the Sinn Féin Ard Fheis he is quoted (see Annex 10) as saying:

When I was elected as President of Sinn Féin, in my first Ard Fheis address I elaborated on my attitude to armed struggle as a necessary and morally correct form of resistance in the Six Counties against a Government whose presence is rejected by the vast majority of Irish people. This remains my position.

Mr. Adams is also quoted as saying that he wished to speak "directly to active service volunteers of Oglaigh na hEireann" with regard to civilian casualties and went on to say

"You have a massive responsibility. At times the fate of this struggle is in your hands. You have to be careful and careful again ... it is a responsibility of leadership to lead from the front on this crucial issue as much as any other. Nothing I say should be interpreted as condemnation of the IRA ... The men and women volunteers of Oglaigh na hEireann have my continued loyalty. As I remind them of their responsibilities I salute them as freedom fighters. faced with numerically superior forces and beset by many difficulties, the ability of the IRA to survive and to remain intact in defiance of all that the British Government has done this last 20 long years is a tribute to the courage, tenacity and resourcefulness of its volunteers"

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"My own position on the armed struggle is that it is a necessary form of resistance in the Six-County area

against the British presence and in pursuance of Irish independence - armed struggle becomes unnecessary only when the British presence is removed."

February 1992 extract from SF document "towards a lasting peace in Ireland"

Armed Struggle

Armed struggle has, throughout history and in all parts of the globe, been seen as a legitimate component of people's resistance to foreign oppression. In Ireland, it was armed struggle which created the conditions for the removal of British jurisdiction over the 26 counties and the emergence of a separate (if truncated) Irish state.

The Guardian - 21 June 1993 commenting on remarks by Martin Mc Guinness at Bodenstown Wolfe tone commemoration "Sinn Fein's vice-president Martin Mc Guinness, said yesterday the British establishment had been shaken to its foundations by the IRA's military campaign he said " We come to Bodenstown in good shape, strong, united utterly determined and confident that we are winning the struggle to break Britain's will and finally achieve the freedom of our country."

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Mr. Major had certainly moved in "his rhetoric" and this could be built upon.

In spite of Mr. Adams assertion that he will not go to the IRA "on the back" of the publication of Mr. Major's article - "the IRA are literate and can read for themselves" he said he wants to see how it will "help to restore the entire peace process"

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"Well, well Sean we understand how, in certain conditions armed actions are seen as legitimate, that's been the international experience.

A#sfarm

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